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 SECRET

ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

SUBJECT: (Optional)
 CI Biographic Summary on: Robert Scheer

FROM: CI/OP 	EXTENSION 6537	NO. 895 rewritten		
		DATE 8 7 March 1968		
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)	DATE		OFFICER'S INITIALS	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment.)
	RECEIVED	FORWARDED		
1.				Prepared by: Distribution: 1 - Subject's file 1 - CI Task Group Biographic Summaries 1 - Orig. for Final Report Typing 1 - EX Chrono
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EX-995 (rewritten)

SCHEER, Robert (201-500730)

7 March 68

1. Robert SCHEER is Managing Editor of Partis magazine.

2. Robert SCHEER attended meetings of the Labor Youth League (cited by the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) as a Communist front organization). He was an officeholder in Fair Play for Cuba Committee, dominated by the Socialist Workers Party. He was in correspondence with two North Vietnamese journalists in London. The Communist Party USA supported his candidacy for U. S. Congress in June 1966, and attempted to have CP Soviet Union use its influence with North Vietnamese officials to permit SCHEER to travel to North Vietnam. He visited Prague late January 1967 as guest of the Czech Government and consulted with leaders of the International Union of Students (Soviet controlled organization). He has been an active opponent to U. S. involvement in Vietnam.

3. Information received from the FBI reflects the following:

Robert SCHEER is the son of Frederick Jacob SCHEER, born 28 May 1898, Germany, U. S. Citizen, and Ida (nee KURAN) SCHEER, born 26 April 1900, Russia, non-U. S. citizen.

Frederick SCHEER joined the International Workers Order in November 1941 and was a member of Lodge 500 as late as 1953.

His name appeared on an original petition to Judge H. R.

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CLASSIFICATION REVIEW
CONDUCTED ON 26 May 1976
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EBDINA protesting the trial of the National Committee of the Communist Party, U. S. A. Ida Kuran SCHEER joined the International Workers Order in March 1947 and was a member of Lodge 500 as late as 1953. (International Workers Order has been designated by the Attorney General.)

Robert SCHEER stated during a Government interview that while in college he attended a few meetings which he felt were run by someone who could have been in the Labor Youth League (LYL) and that he had attended one social event which he felt was definitely sponsored by the LYL. SCHEER further stated that he had never attended any political meetings of the LYL and that he has never been a member of the Communist Party or any organization cited by the Attorney General. He admitted having read the Communist Manifesto frequently. (The LYL is cited as a Communist front organization by the HCUA.) SCHEER said that he did not consider the Communist Party USA (CP USA) to be a threat to the U. S. and had no reason to believe that a person who joins the CP swears allegiance to a foreign power or advocates the overthrow of the U. S. Government. He stated further that he believes that the CP is not subversive because it claims to be interested in bringing about its program through democratic processes. 1/

In 1960 Robert SCHEER and his first wife Serena SCHEER contacted the Cuban Consulate in New York City concerning a trip to Cuba. 1/ The Daily Californian of

5 October 1960 carried the story that Robert SCHEER had been in Cuba in 1960 for one month.

Robert SCHEER was Research Director of the Student Fair Play for Cuba Committee (SFPPCC) on the Berkeley campus of the University of California. Other officeholders of the SFPPCC at the same time were: Maurice ZEITLIN, Secretary (Since January 1968 he has been Contributing Editor for Latin America, Ramparts.); and Richard CURRIER, President. In 1960 the national office of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) (cited as subversive by the HCUA) was anxious to infiltrate and dominate the FPCC. The files in the national office of the SWP contained the following information on Robert SCHEER: "Bob SCHEER, originally from N.Y. CCNY, was in SDA (Students for Democratic Action). Led fight to expel YSL (Socialist Youth League) and told me that they called him a Stalinist. In a political discussion he gave me that impression, too, though he can attack the Soviet Union before a liberal audience. Either in periphery of CP or thereabouts (influenced), etc." The SWP was apparently successful in their efforts. In May 1961 Asher HARER, member of the SWP National Committee and of the San Francisco Branch of the SWP, made a motion before the Bay area of the FPCC that an executive committee of seven members of the Student Ad Hoc Committee of the FPCC be made part of the Bay Area FPCC. The motion was carried. 2/

While a student at the University of California, Berkeley, Robert SCHEER organized the Foot and Branch Press, a magazine published for and by ultraliberal students at the University. The 11 November 1964 edition of SPUR (WEB Dubois Clubs of America newsletter) reported on a panel discussion sponsored by the W.E.B. DuBois Club, the Students for a Democratic Society, and The New School. Robert SCHEER was to be one of the participants. He was described in SPUR as Correspondent for The Realist and a member of The New School. According to the San Francisco Examiner of 22 May 1965, Robert SCHEER traveled to Cuba in the summer of 1964 in defiance of the U. S. State Department.

In 1965 he was in (mail) correspondence with Nguyen Van SAO and Cu Dinh BA, representatives in London of the North Vietnamese Communist weekly newspaper Cuu Quoc, published in Hanoi. SAO and BA lived and worked at 135 Netherhall Gardens, Hampstead, London N.W. 5. 1/ In February 1965 he was in Tokyo, Japan, where he visited the office of the National Harbor and Ports Labor Union. He lived in a dormitory of the Labor Union for three days. He traveled from Japan to Indonesia for ten days. SCHEER later stated that he was the only American at a conference in Indonesia. Before leaving Japan, SCHEER stated his desire to visit Communist China and complained to the Japanese Labor Union officials about discrimination in the U. S. and made derogatory remarks about the U. S. The Japanese Labor

Union officials asked the Communist Chinese in Tokyo about the possibility of SCHEER going to the China mainland. SCHEER also visited Vietnam during this trip. 1/

SCHEER was the principal speaker at a demonstration on 17 April 1965 sponsored by the W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America and the Women for Peace. At a meeting of the Vietnam Day Committee on 4 October 1965 to discuss whether to violate the McCarran Act, the Espionage Act of 1917 and other espionage laws, SCHEER stated: "It is time to risk treason. We must totally disassociate ourselves with the U. S. Government." At a teach-in at the University of California on 12 November 1965 held by the University Committee on Vietnam, SCHEER stated: "The Viet Cong is a party of peace and if I was in Vietnam I would be on the side of the Viet Cong." He was spokesman for a six-member delegation from the Vietnam Day Committee that met on 5 December 1965 with Vice President Hubert HUMPHREY at the Naval Air Station, Moffett Field, California. 1/

In February 1966 SCHEER, accompanied by his (second) wife Anne (nee NEILLS) and Stanley SCHEINBAUM (Consulting Editor, Ramparts), visited Cambodia by invitation from Prince SIHANOUK. They also visited Thailand and Vietnam. An announcement was made at a Communist Party Contact Class, 631 Redwood Street, San Francisco, that SCHEER left California on 4 February 1966 and would possibly visit North Vietnam. Two functionaries of the CP agreed that an effort should be

made to assist SCHEER in his efforts to obtain admission to North Vietnam, or at least to arrange an interview for him at the North Vietnamese Embassy in Cambodia. 1/ Sources who have furnished reliable information in the past reported that the CP USA was making arrangements with the CP Soviet Union to permit SCHEER to enter North Vietnam in order that he might confer with the leadership of the CP of North Vietnam. Upon his arrival in Cambodia ca. 15 February 1966, he would visit the North Vietnamese Embassy and request permission to enter North Vietnam. The CP USA urged the CP Soviet Union to prevail upon the Central Committee of the North Vietnamese CP to permit SCHEER to enter. In this connection, the CP USA noted that in the event SCHEER was elected to the U. S. Congress in November 1966 (SCHEER was running as a "peace candidate"), SCHEER would support the Soviet cause for peace and attack the "United States imperialist tactics on a nationwide scale." 5/

An article in the New York Herald Tribune of 13 March 1966 identified Robert SCHEER as a former University of California graduate student of Chinese studies. Anne SCHEER (nee WEILLS) was a subscriber in 1966 under the name Anne WEILLS to the People's World (West Coast Communist newspaper).

Robert SCHEER was a candidate in the Democratic Party primary election in June 1966 for the office of Congressman from the 7th District of California, opposing

incumbent Jeffrey COHELEN. The "Scheer for Congress Committee" (which later became the Committee for New Politics) was formed and its platform called for opposition to U. S. involvement in the Vietnam war, and further and continuing involvement by U. S. Government in the war on poverty and civil rights. 7/ A group that supported SCHEER's candidacy was started by Daniel SIMON, M.D. and was made up of professionals and businessmen who opposed U. S. involvement in the Vietnam war. (See Attachment 1 for list of known endorsers to SCHEER's candidacy.) The CP supported SCHEER in his campaign, and Carl BLOICE was released from his job on the editorial staff of the People's World to work full time in the campaign. Carl BLOICE, Roscoe PROCTOR, and Mickey LIMA, Chairman of the Northern California District of the CP, planned the strategy for the CP's role in SCHEER's campaign. 1/ Dr. Ephraim KAHN, CP member, was reported as manager of the campaign. Robert KAUFMAN, member of the East Bay CP Industrial Club, served as labor relations man. The W.E.B. DuBois Club in San Francisco supported SCHEER and actively campaigned for him. 7/

At a meeting of Discussion Unlimited on 2 December 1966 in Los Angeles, SCHEER led a vicious attack against the Soviet Union, against the Stalin Era, against crimes committed in the Soviet Union against the Jewish people and Jewish culture, and against other religious people and intellectuals in the Soviet Union. He said that the Soviet Union was a sick

Society just as the U. S. is a sick society. 5/ (Discussion unlimited was formed in 1962 in Los Angeles and is made up largely of present or former CP members.)

On 13 April 1966 SCHEER met with Zygmunt BRONIAREK, Washington, D. C. correspondent for Trybuna Ludu, Polish daily newspaper and official organ of the Polish United Workers (Communist) Party. He spoke at a rally of the Spring Mobilization Committee against the war in Vietnam in San Francisco on 15 April 1966. On 24 May 1966 he was a speaker at a meeting in Berkeley, California sponsored by the Bay Area Young Socialist Alliance and the SWP to protest the shooting of Leo BERNARD at the Detroit SWP office. At a meeting on 23 June 1966 of the Community for New Politics, Berkeley, SCHEER was introduced but did not speak. The only speaker at the meeting was Felix GREENE (a contributor to Ramparts), who spoke on his recent trip to Red China and North Vietnam. 7/ At a meeting on 4 February 1966 of the Santa Barbara Club, Southern California District, CP, William TAYLOR stated that Irving LAUCKS (201-827307 - reported investor of \$50,000 in Ramparts) of the Center for the Study of Democratic Institutions, Santa Barbara, would donate \$10,000 for a peace candidate and it was expected that this would go to SCHEER's campaign. 1/ SCHEER was defeated in the primary election. The San Francisco Examiner of 12 July 1966 reported that SCHEER spent \$57,834 on his campaign, more than one and one-half times as much as his

opponent spent. The article continued that SCHEER lost by 7,000 votes, a cost of \$2.03 for each vote he won.

Robert SCHEER, accompanied by James ANSARA, departed the U. S. on 13 July 1967 for Cairo, Egypt to interview President NASSER and write an article for Ramparts on the war in the Middle East. James ANSARA is of Lebanese origin and claims to know President NASSER. He was to be used as contact man for SCHEER in Egypt. James ANSARA was dismissed by the Department of State ca. 1947 as he was considered to be a security risk. He is probably the father of Michael S. ANSARA, Staff Writer for Ramparts. It was reported that SCHEER planned to attend the Latin American Solidarity Organization conference in Cuba held 28 July to 5 August 1967, routing his travel from Cairo to the U. S. via Spain and Cuba. There has been no confirmation of his presence at the conference.

Robert SCHEER was a member of the steering committee at the National Conference for New Politics held in Chicago 29 August to 4 September 1967. In a syndicated article by Bruce BLOSSAT, published in the Berkeley Daily Gazette of 12 September 1967, BLOSSAT made the following remarks relating to Robert SCHEER: "Perhaps the strangest performance of the whole incredible drama was that of Robert Scheer...On one convention day, SCHEER stood before the assembled delegates and eloquently pleaded with the whites to purge themselves of self-contempt and self-hate...The

next day, as the heavily dominant white radical delegates supinely bowed to black caucus proposals that included the labeling of most whites as 'savage beasts' SCHEER caved in and willingly endorsed all but a deliberately inflammatory condemnation of Israel for conducting an 'imperialist Zionist war'." 7/

The Berkeley CNP held a conference on 13 September 1967 to discuss the Chicago convention. Robert SCHEER stated that the Berkeley CNP group voted against the Black Power group's proposed 13 points because the 13 points were forced on the convention without any discussion. He said that he thought the Black Power group represented more Negro groups than the white radicals did and that the 13 points seemed like a Leninist program compared to the program of the white radicals. 7/

Robert SCHEER is listed as one of the founders of the Peace and Freedom Party. On 6 September 1967 SCHEER spoke before the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom and the Women for Peace in San Francisco. He stated that he did not favor a third party, but would like a third candidate who would run as an independent in the Presidential election. 7/ At a symposium on Vietnam on 7 October 1967 at the University of Utah, Salt Lake City, two members of the panel were Robert SCHEER and Carl OGLESBY, former President of Students for a Democratic Society. (Carl OGLESBY was named Consulting Editor, Ramparts, in February 1968.)

4. Information in the files of this Agency reveal the following:

On 14 May 1964 at the University of California, Robert SCHEER gave the introduction to a Communist film on Vietnam, which was later seized in New York by the Federal authorities. This gathering was sponsored by the Ad Hoc Committee to End U. S. Intervention in Vietnam. Co-speaker was Joseph P. MORRAY.

Information from a sensitive source states that Herbert APTEKER (CP official) assisted SCHEER in trying to obtain a visa to North Vietnam in 1966. SCHEER had also requested Julian SCHUMAN, friend of Anna STRONG (American living in China) to assist him.

The People's World of 7 May 1966 under byline of Gene DENNIS (son of Eugene DENNIS, former General Secretary of CP USA), Berkeley, reported excerpts from a speech by Robert SCHEER made on the campus of the University of California, "UC Pentagon Link Denounced as 'Worse Than MSU CIA Deal'."

On 26 January 1967 Robert SCHEER was in London en route to Prague. SCHEER stated before his departure from the U. S. that he would interview Bertrand RUSSELL re the war Crimes Tribunal. In London he met with Fergus NICHOLSON, National Student Organizer of the CP in Great Britain, and David HOROWITZ, who was then connected with the Bertrand Russell Peace Foundation and since May 1967 has been a member

of Ramparts staff. SCHEER was in Holland on 27 January 1967 and met with leaders of the International Student Conference. From Holland he travelled to Paris, West Germany, and Prague. He was in Prague as an official guest of the Czech Government. Upon his arrival in Prague he was taken in charge by Vice President of the International Union of Students (IUS) (Soviet controlled international organization), Wlodemierz KONARSKI. SCHEER reportedly was provided with some internal IUS documents and had a wide range of interviews with IUS executives. He also was provided with documentation in Paris by U. S. employees of UNESCO and elsewhere by contacts in the International Student Conference, National Union of Students of England, Wales, and North Ireland, the DuBois Club, and Lovemore MUTANBANENGWE (Zambian, African Associate Director of International Student Conference, 1960-1962). While in Prague, SCHEER wrote an article based on this material which was later published in Rude Pravo datelined New York. (This may refer to an article by SCHEER datelined Prague, 4 February 1967, published in Sunday's Ramparts, 12-26 February 1967.) SCHEER was invited by the IUS to Ulan Bator as an official guest to participate in the IUS Congress, but he did not accept. According to one unconfirmed report, SCHEER was in Stockholm or intended to be there on or about 6 February 1967.

On 13 April 1967 SCHEER was listed as a speaker at a Vietnam Teach-in at Northwestern University sponsored by the

Northwestern Students for a Democratic Society. The New York Times of 22 April 1967 carried an article in which it was stated that the opponents to the war in Vietnam hoped to run Dr. Martin Luther KING, Jr. as a peace candidate, and Dr. Benjamin SPOCK as his running mate. The article continued that Robert SCHEER said that he had been in contact with Dr. KING to get his consent to run, and William F. PEPPER mentioned the possibility of Dr. KING's candidacy in a speech on 15 April 1967 in New York during "Spring Mobilization". The article further stated that Dr. KING was scheduled to meet with Dr. SPOCK and his would-be promoters of his candidacy in Cambridge, Massachusetts, on the occasion of the start of nationwide "Vietnam Summer" organizing efforts.

On 12 May 1967 Robert SCHEER was interviewed by the Kansas City, Missouri, Times en route to deliver a speech at the University of Kansas sponsored by the Kansas Peace Forum. SCHEER stated that he viewed the bombings of Hanoi and Haiphong in North Vietnam with particular alarm, and he supported persons who refuse to be drafted. On 1 June 1967 he spoke at Harpur College on the CIA-NSA ties under the sponsorship of Harpur United Student Government Political Affairs Committee and the College Chapter of Students for a Democratic Society.

Robert SCHEER was a guest on 11 October 1967 on the Los Crane Show, Station KTTV, Channel 11, Los Angeles,

California. He was introduced as Editor of Ramparts and spokesman for the New Left. The discussion was on electoral procedures in the U. S. He was again on the Les Crane Show on 23 January 1968, 12 midnight, Channel 5, Washington, D. C. The topic "Democratic Party Rift."

The Fairfield Republican of Fairfield, California, on 21 November 1967 carried an article "Leftist Calls U. S. 'Bought Out Society' in J. C. Talk." Robert SCHEER is quoted: "We invoke the devil theory of Communism to explain the reality of desperate social revolution. I think we have to realize that the Vietnamese are indeed fighting for freedom--but their freedom from us. They are nationalists trying to create a national revolution and that can't be explained away with a label." SCHEER said that the U. S. was in the war to make a profit. Concerning the domestic scene, he said people were rioting in America because "they have no legitimate avenue of dissent." He urged concerned youth not to be complacent but to remain aware of the problems and refuse to conspire with liberal politicians who try to make dissent irrelevant.

The December 1967 issue of Ramparts magazine has as its cover a photograph of four hands each holding a burning Selective Service card, all belonging to Ramparts staff members. One card is a duplicate issued to Robert SCHEER, 653 Britton St., New York 67, Bronx.

SCHER was in Havana as a reporter to cover the Cultural Congress held 4-11 January 1968. He arrived in Mexico City from Cuba en route to the U. S. on 15 January 1968 in the company of Richard SCORE and Saul LANDAU, former Staff writer of Ramparts. He was again in Mexico City on 21 January 1968. On 22 January in Mexico City he met Thomas HAYDEN, who was en route to the U. S. from Cuba loaded with propaganda. SCHER and HAYDEN left Mexico together on 22 January for New York Kennedy Airport. Information received 25 February 1968 reported that Robert SCHER accompanied by his wife and art director of Ramparts (Dugald STERNER) were planning to travel to Cuba via Mexico.

BIOGRAPHIC DATA

ROBERT SCHEER

Born 4 April 1936, Bronx, New York

Father: Frederick SCHEER; born in Germany 28 May 1898;
U. S. citizen

Mother: Ida (nee KURAN) SCHEER; born in Russia 26 April
1900; non-U. S. citizen

Education: June 1960 - B.A. in Political Science, City
College of New York

7 - M.A., Syracuse University

1960-61 - University of California

On 14 September 1957 married Serena TUREN, born 16
October 1939, New York. Separated ca. 1 December 1961 and
on 7 January 1963 Robert SCHEER filed for divorce.

On 25 October 1965 married Anne Butterfield WEILLS,
born 14 March 1942 in Eureka, California; address: 103
El Camina Real, Berkeley. She is the daughter of John C. S.
WEILLS, III and Audrey Davis WEILLS.

Passport data: Robert SCHEER issued passport D 163804 on
5 February 1965

On 23 January 1966 issued passport G 41559

Anne Weills SCHEER issued passport D 167213

25 February 1963 and renewed 23 January

1966

Addresses: 205 Ellis Court, Syracuse, New York
653 Britton St., Bronx, New York
2915 Wheeler St., Berkeley, California
2628 Silvia St., Berkeley, California (Oct 1966
info)
1104 High Court, Berkeley, California (1967 info)
6468 Benvenue Ave., Oakland, California (1967 info)

FOREIGN TRAVELROBERT SCHEER

1950 Cuba (Daily Californian, 5 October 1950, said SCHEER there for one month.)

Summer 1964 Cuba (San Francisco Examiner, 22 May 1965, reported Robert SCHEER visited Cuba in defiance of U.S. State Dept. last summer.)

February 1965 Tokyo
Indonesia
Vietnam
Cambodia

February 1966 Thailand
Cambodia
Vietnam

26 Jan - 7 Feb 67 London
Holland
Paris
West Germany
Prague

28 Jul - 5 Aug 67 Cuba to attend LASO conference; unconfirmed

4-11 Jan 68 Cuba to attend Cultural Congress

15 Jan 68 Mexico City from Cuba

21-22 Jan 68 Mexico City

26 Feb 68 This date it was reported that SCHEER, wife, and Ramparts Art Director (Dougald STERNER) planned to travel to Cuba

CONTACTSROBERT SCHEER

ANSARA, James Michael - travel together to Egypt

APTHEKER, Herbert (201-757167) - assisted in efforts to permit SCHEER to enter North Vietnam.

BA, Cu Dinh - North Vietnamese newspaper representative in London.

BRONIAREK, Zygmunt - Washington, D. C. correspondent for Trybuna Ludu

HAYDEN, Thomas (201-797791)

KONARSKI, Wlodek - Czech Vice President of International Union of Students

LANDAU, Saul (201-194132) - TV station KQED; former Ramparts staff

LAUCIS, Irving (201-827307) - financial support in political campaign

MOORE, Richard - TV station KQED

MORRAY, Joseph P. - co-speaker at meeting of Ad Hoc Committee to End the War in Vietnam

NICHOLSON, Fergus - National Student Organizer of CP of Great Britain

SAO, Nguyen Van - North Vietnamese newspaper representative in London

SCHUMAN, Julian - assistance requested to permit SCHEER to visit North Vietnam

Organizations to which Robert SCHEER Belonged
or Mentioned as Participant in Activities

Community for New Politics

Discussions Unlimited - participated in meeting

Kansas Peace Forum - speaker

Fair Play for Cuba Committee

Labor Youth League

National Conference for New Politics

The New School

Peace and Freedom Party

Root and Branch Press - magazine published for and by ultra-liberal students at University of California

Spring Mobilization Committee Against the War in Vietnam

Students for Democratic Action

Students for a Democratic Society

Socialist Workers Party

Vietnam Day Committee

"Vietnam Summer"

W.E.B. DuBois Club

Women for Peace - speaker

Young Socialist League

Endorsers of SCHEER for Congress:

CARL BLOICE, Reporter
People's World

PAUL JACOBS
Writer

MARK COMFORT
Oakland Direct
Action Committee

EPHRAIM KAHN
M.D.

MIRIAM CONNELLY
President
Bettermade Foods

ANN MARTIN, Secretary
Welfare Rights Organization

Dr. J. RAYMOND COPE

MARILYN MILLIGAN
Postdoctoral Fellow
Univ. of California

CASSANDRA DAVIS
East Bay Organizing
Committee

ALAN MYERSON, Director
The Committee

RONNIE DAVIS, Director
S. F. Mime Troupe

ROSCOE PROCTOR
ILWU, Warehousemen's
Union, Local #6

DON DUNCAN
Master Sergeant, Ret.
U. S. Special Forces

GERALD ROSENFELD
M.D.

LAWRENCE FERLINGHETTI
Poet

HARRY RUBIN
Professor of Molecular
Biology, Univ. of California

BILL FINN
Building Contractor

JERRY RUBIN, Organizer
Vietnam Day Committee

JOHN GEORGE
Attorney

Rev. SAM SMITH, Chairman
Welfare Rights Organization

Dr. CARLTON GOODLETT
Publisher, Sun Reporter

RICHARD STROHMAN
Professor of Zoology
Univ. of California

BARBARA GULLAMORN
Organizer, Vietnam
Day Committee

JESSICA MITFORD TREUHART
Writer

ELLY HARAWITZ
Caseworker, Welfare
Rights Organization

STEVE WEISSMAN, Organizer
Free Speech Movement

MORRIS HIRSCH
Professor of Mathematics
Univ. of California

TOM WINNETT, Owner
Fybate Lecture Notes

Endorsers of SCIEER for Congress (Cont'd.):

REGINALD ZELNICK
Professor of History
Univ. of California

ROBERT EVANS
Teacher

HOWARD JETER
Teacher

Robert SCHEER

Source Key:

- 1/ Unnumbered FBI report, dated 14 March 1966, received
1 August 1967 in reply to our Name Check #334,
24 July 1967
- 2/ DBA 1800, 8 February 1962
- 3/ DBB 53220, 10 February 1966
- 4/ DBB 86495, 7 July 1967
- 5/ DBB 81858, 12 May 1967
- 6/ DBB 89742, 9 August 1967
- 7/ DBC 02629
- 8/ DSB 86809, 17 July 1967
- 9/ DBC 6801, 31 January 1968

EX- 895 (rewritten)

5 March 1968

SCHEER, Robert

This summary is based on FBI reports and Agency reports
all of which are filed in 201-800730.

Prepared by:

[Redacted]

CI/OP/DO
4 March 1968

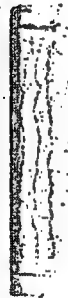
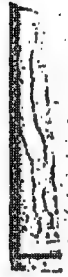
EX-985 (rewritten)

7 March 68

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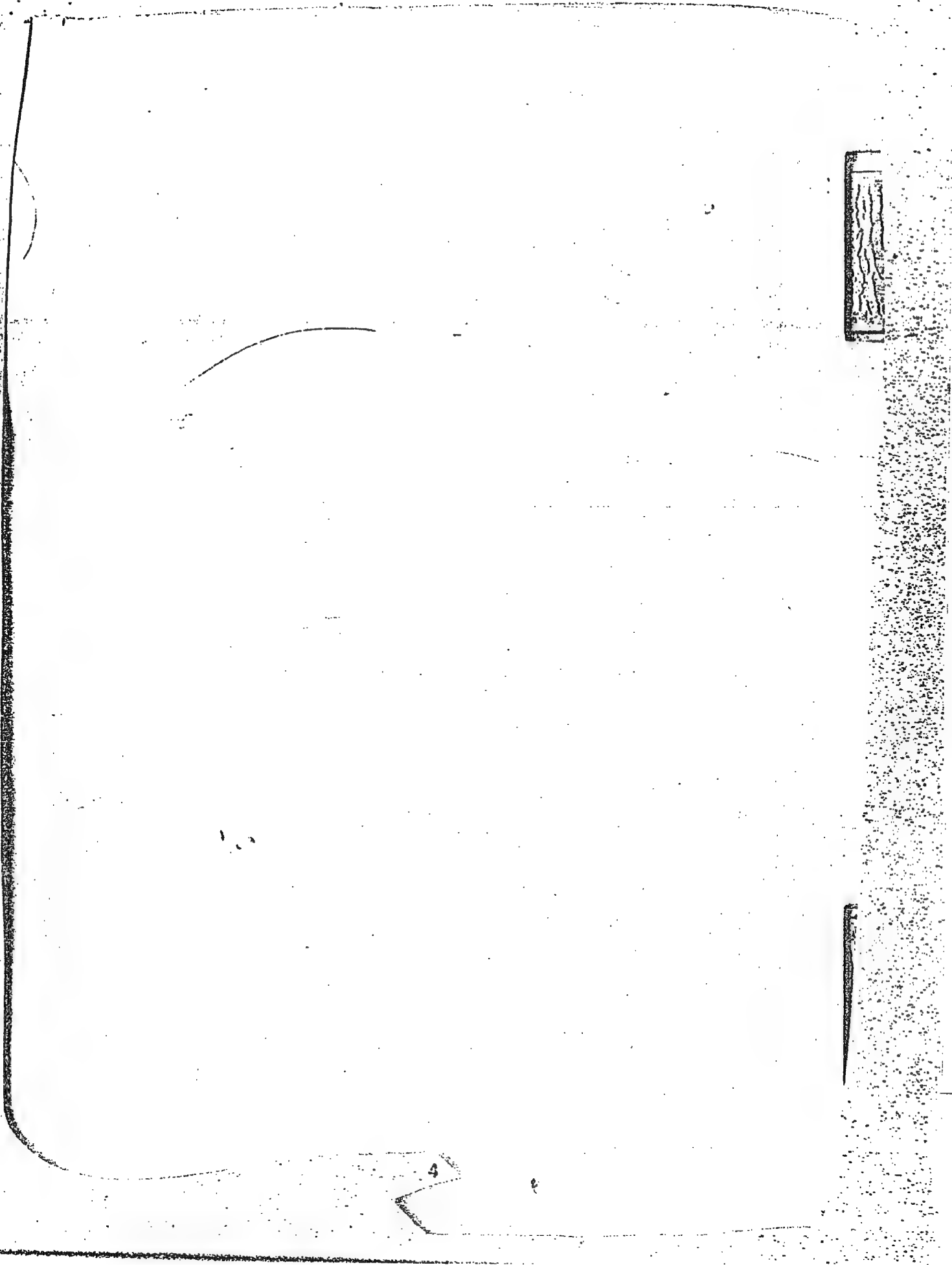
Date 14 Mar 78

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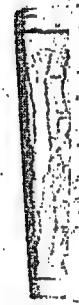
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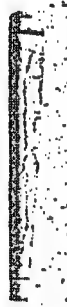




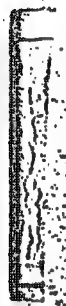
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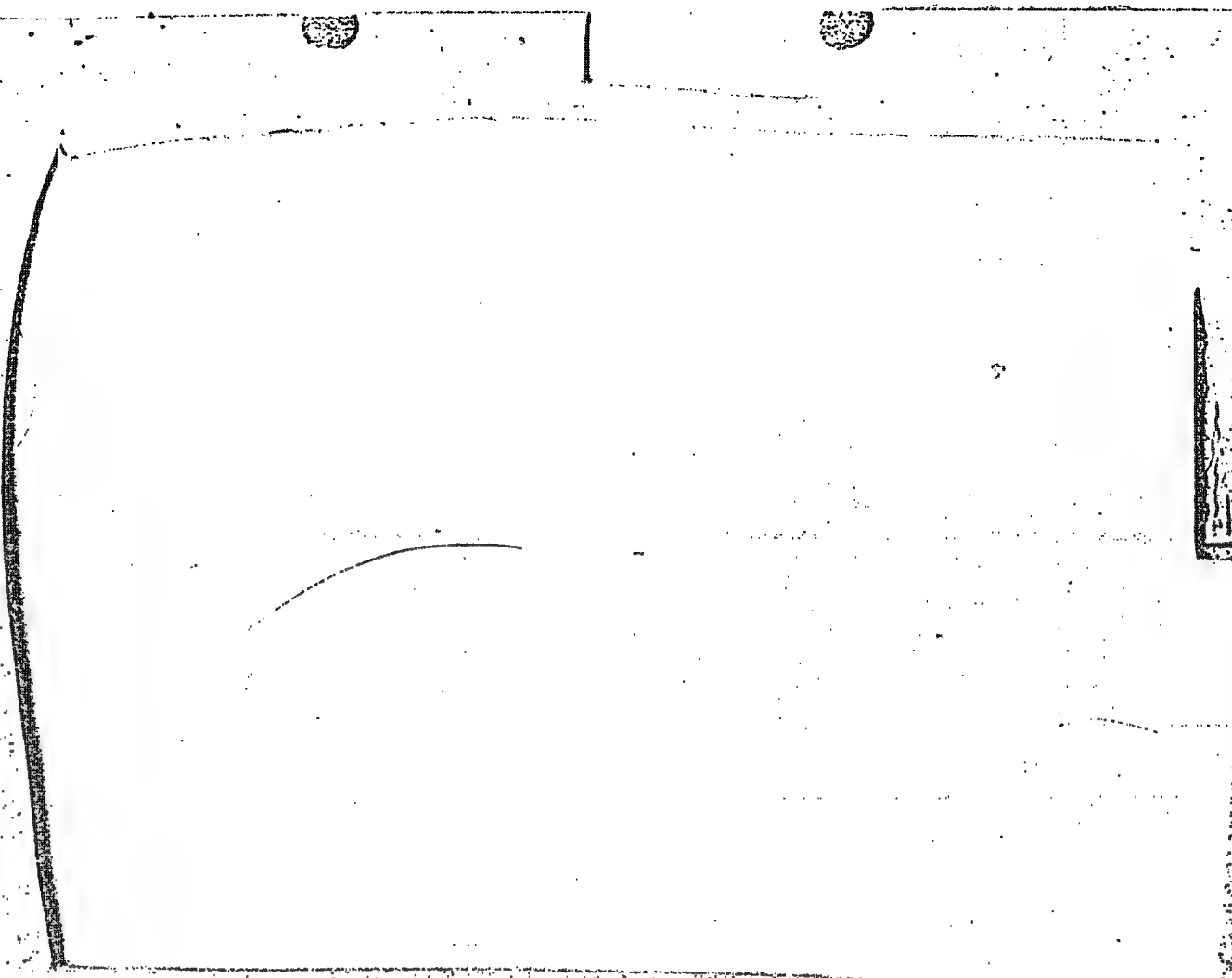




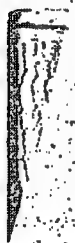


The New York Times of 22 April 1967 carried an article in which it was stated that the opponents to the war in Vietnam hoped to run Dr. Martin Luther KING, Jr. as a peace candidate, and Dr. Benjamin SPOCK as his running mate. The article continued that Robert SCHEER said that he had been in contact with Dr. KING to get his consent to run, and William F. PEPPER mentioned the possibility of Dr. KING's candidacy in a speech on 15 April 1967 in New York during "Spring Mobilization". The article further stated that Dr. KING was scheduled to meet with Dr. SPOCK and his would-be promoters of his candidacy in Cambridge, Massachusetts, on the occasion of the start of nationwide "Vietnam Summer" organizing efforts.

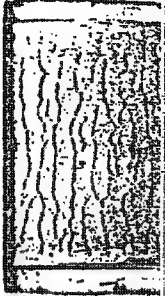
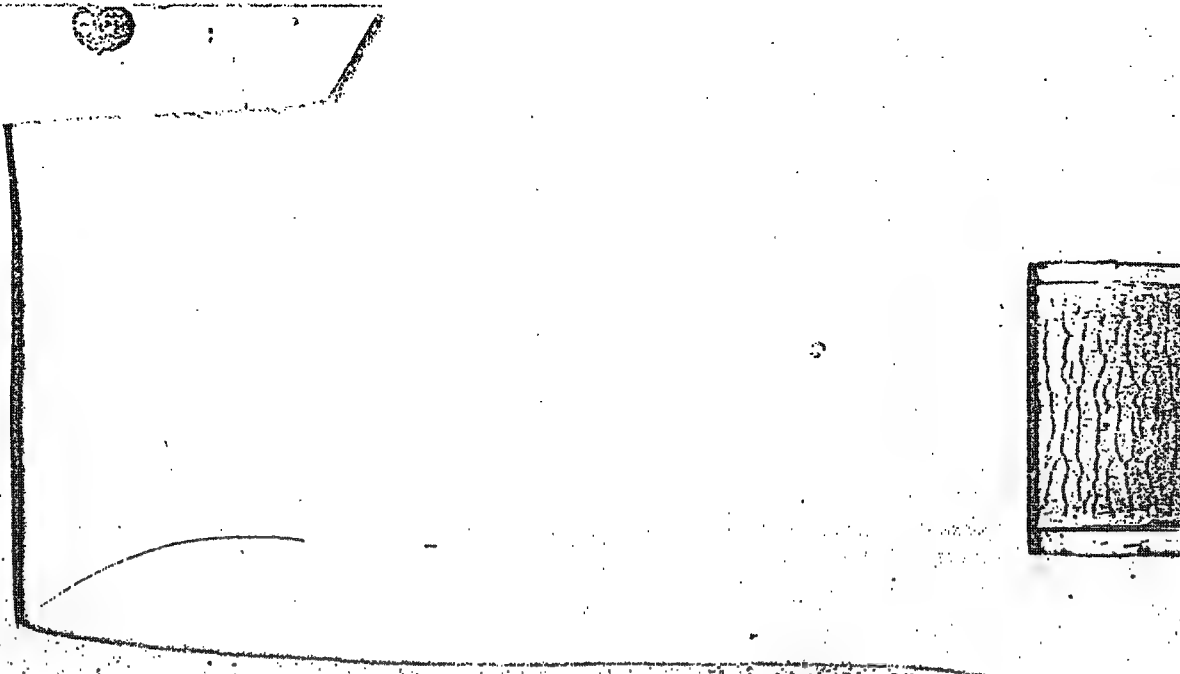




BIOGRAPHIC DATA



Addresses:



FOREIGN TRAVEL

1950

Summer 1964

February 1965

February 1966

26 Jan - 7 Feb 67

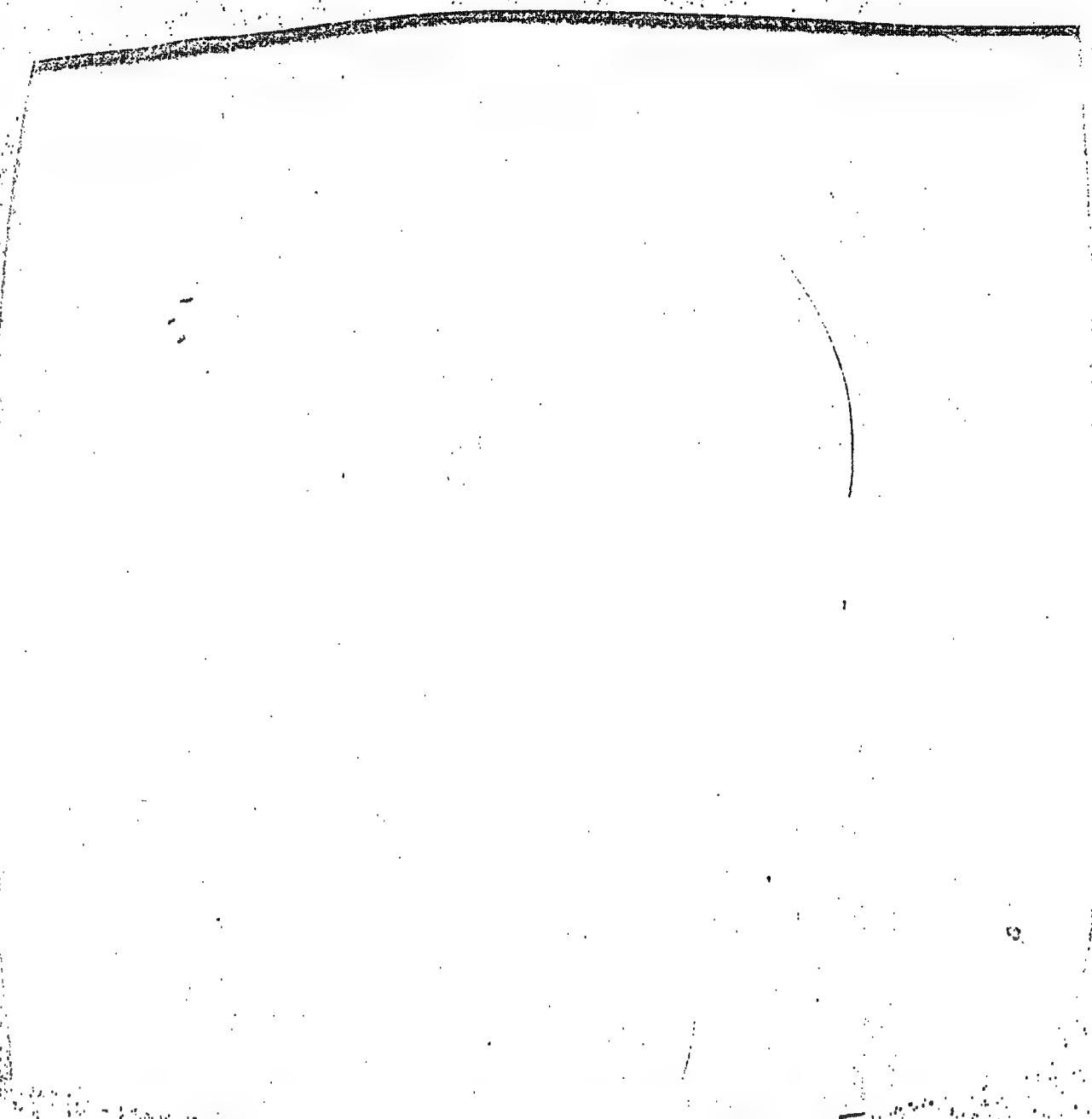
28 Jul - 5 Aug 67

4-11 Jan 68

15 Jan 68

21-22 Jan 68

25 Feb 68



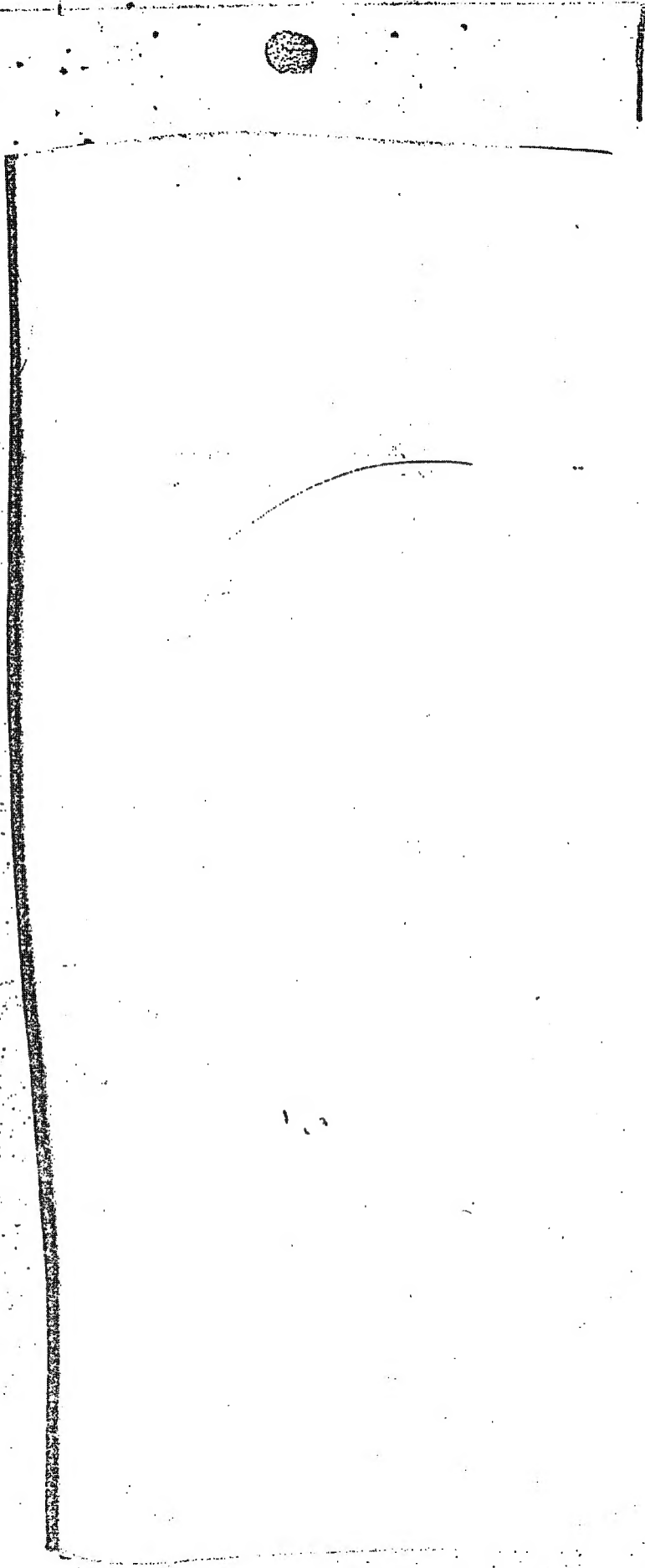
CONTACTS



Organizations to which

Belonged

Or Mentioned as Participant in Activities





Source Key:

1/ Unnumbered FBI report, dated 14 March 1966, received
1 August 1967 in reply to our Name Check #334,
24 July 1967

2/ 8 February 1962

3/ 10 February 1966

4/ 7 July 1967

5/ 12 May 1967

6/ 9 August 1967

7/

8/ 17 July 1967

9/ 31 January 1968

EX- 895 (rewritten)

5 March 1968

[Redacted]

This summary is based on FBI reports and Agency reports
all of which are filed in [Redacted]

Prepared by: [Redacted]

4 March 1968